

## SmartNotes and Forms

### The Basics

Before we get started, you should be familiar with the difference between SmartNotes and Forms ([See Appendix A for examples](#))

Understanding these basics will help us determine when it is best to use a Form or SmartNote. As a rule of thumb, any specialists who require the information in their clinical records to be used in their correspondence with other practitioners should use forms. See the 'Merging form data to Tword' demonstration for more on that.

### Creating and Managing Forms

The following Videos will guide you through editing a form or creating one from scratch

[Introduction to Forms](#)

[Creating and Editing Forms](#)

[Appendix B](#) of this document contains examples of question types. Knowing how question types work is very important in form design as this will allow you to select the best option.

Likewise, [Appendix C](#) of this document describes some of the options required to control the appearance of your form.

It is recommended that you get familiar with the information contained in Appendices B and C, and use them for reference after watching the videos while you create and edit your own forms.

### Creating and Managing Phrases

Phrases are created from within the notes interface, so step 1 is to open a new note. On the notes window is

the Phrase Toolbar: 

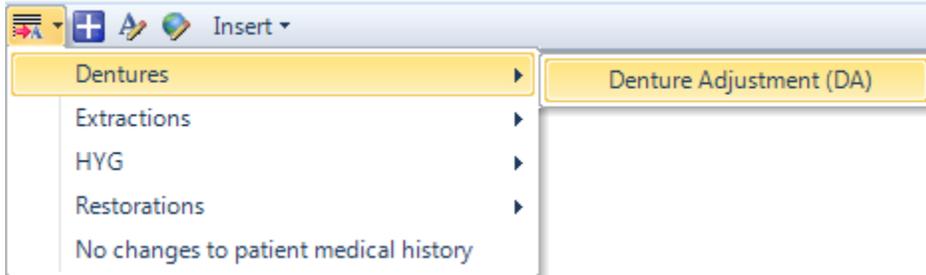
From left to right, the buttons do the following:

- Insert Phrase into note.
- Create New Phrase
- Manage Phrases for this Context
- Manage Global Phrases

**Global phrases**, as the name suggests, are phrases that are accessible from any part of the program.

**Context phrases** become only available in the given context. So if you are working on a phrase control located within a form, that phrase becomes available only within that form.

### Inserting A Phrase



Selecting the 'Insert Phrase' button presents the user with a list of existing phrases to insert. In this example, there are 4 categories (Dentures, Extractions, HYG, Restorations). There is also an uncategorized phrase ('No changes...'). By selecting a category you expand it and see the phrases within that category. In our example, the Dentures category has 1 phrase – Denture Adjustment. Lastly, you will note that there is text in brackets – this is the keyboard shortcut. By typing in the keyboard shortcut in a note, then hitting the spacebar, you can insert a phrase without using your mouse at all.

## Create New Phrase

Details

Phrase: Denture Adjustment

Patient presents to dental clinic for denture adjustments  
Past medical history and radiographs reviewed. Medication reconciliation completed.  
Patient presents to clinic for follow-up denture adjustment. All adjustments made with acrylic burs and pip paste. Patient satisfied, patient tolerated procedure well. Patient's level of understanding was good. Patient dismissed in good condition.  
NV: Denture adjustments as needed

Shortcut: DA

Menu Label: Denture Adjustment

Category: Dentures

- Type your phrase text in the large textbox labeled 'Phrase'.
- If you would like to have a text shortcut, enter that.
- Enter a short, descriptive Menu Label that makes the phrase easy to identify.
- If desired, select a category for the phrase. If the category does not exist in the list, simply type in a new category and it will then be created.
- Click OK and you have created a phrase!

### Managing Phrases

The manage windows allow you to add, remove, edit and sort your phrases.

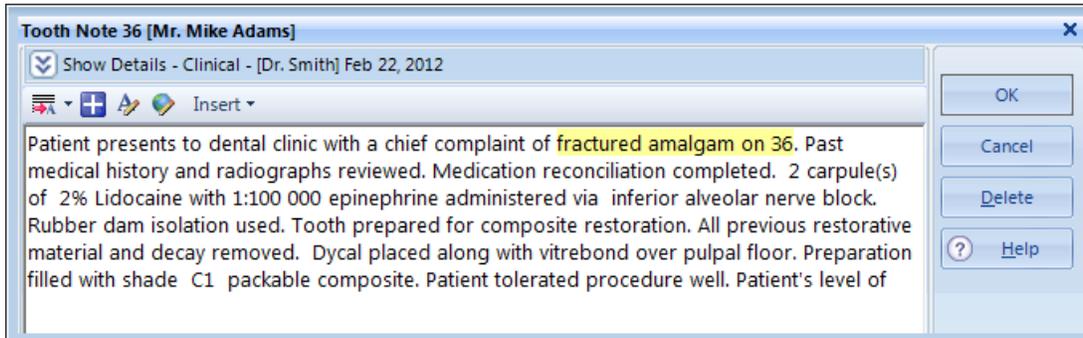
### Creating SmartNotes

SmartNotes are created and managed no differently than Phrases. The only difference is that we add some variables in the form of questions along the way. See Appendix B of this document to brush up on your data types. Now you are ready to create your own. The following video will guide you:

<http://bridge-network.com/t11videos/smartphrases/Index.html>

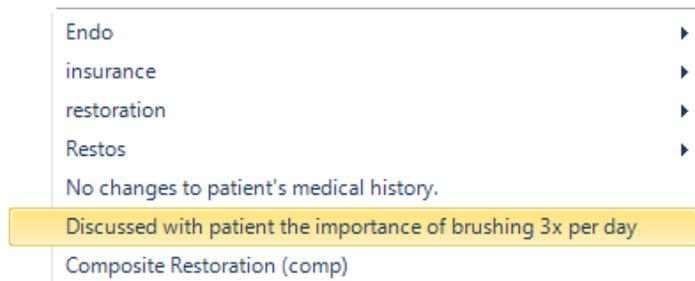
## Appendix A – Examples

### Notes



Text can be typed into the note. The use of phrases can streamline the process. Text can be formatted to highlight areas of particular interest.

### Phrases



This Phrase control has a number of categories (Endo, Insurance, restoration, Restos) which can be expanded to reveal related phrases. It also has 3 uncategorized phrases. Selecting the phrase basically copies and pastes that text into the note, saving the user from having to type that text.

## SmartNotes

The image shows two overlapping software windows. The top window is titled "Composite Restoration (comp)" and contains a form with the following fields and values:

- Chief Complaint: fractured amalgam on 36.
- Caps: 2
- Local Anesthetic: 2% Lidocaine with 1:100 000 epinephrine
- Local Administration: inferior alveolar nerve block
- Isolation: Rubber dam isolation used
- Pins or dycal?: Dycal placed along with vitrebond over pulpal f
- Shade: C1
- Packable or Flowable: packable

The bottom window is titled "Tooth Note 36 [Mr. Mike Adams]" and displays a generated paragraph of text. The text is: "Patient presents to dental clinic with a chief complaint of fractured amalgam on 36. Past medical history and radiographs reviewed. Medication reconciliation completed. 2 carpule(s) of 2% Lidocaine with 1:100 000 epinephrine administered via inferior alveolar nerve block. Rubber dam isolation used. Tooth prepared for composite restoration. All previous restorative material and decay removed. Dycal placed along with vitrebond over pulpal floor. Preparation filled with shade C1 packable composite. Patient tolerated procedure well. Patient's level of". The text is displayed in a rich text editor with a toolbar and buttons for OK, Cancel, Delete, and Help.

By Answering the questions (shown in the upper image) the SmartNote generates the final paragraph style note using the answers supplied and merging them to a template.

## Forms

Implant Surgery [Daddy Brown]

Hide Details

Contact: Daddy Brown

Provider: Dr. Stanley

Type: Medical

Important/Alert  Active

Entire Family

Causes Alert: Always

Created Mar 14, 2012 12:05 PM BY Admin ON JOHNNY  
Modified Mar 14, 2012 12:05 PM BY Admin ON JOHNNY

Pre-Op

Medical History Reviewed?  Yes  No  n/a

Informed Consent Given  Yes  No  n/a

Risks and limitations reviewed  Yes  No  n/a

If changes, what?

Comments

Tooth Number:

Estimated Cost: \$1,025.00

Patient Signed Consent: Clear Ready To Write

Procedure Started at: Mar 14, 2012 03:00 PM

Details

Local Anaesthetic: 2 carps Lidocaine 2% 1:100k epi

Osteotomy: Combination Osteotome and Handpiece

Length: 10mm

Type: Regular Neck

Lot #: 120746

Stability: Good

Sutured: Interrupted and Continuous

Flap design:

Diameter: 4mm

Brand: Straumann

Ref #: 3837.109

Bone Type:  I  II  III  IV

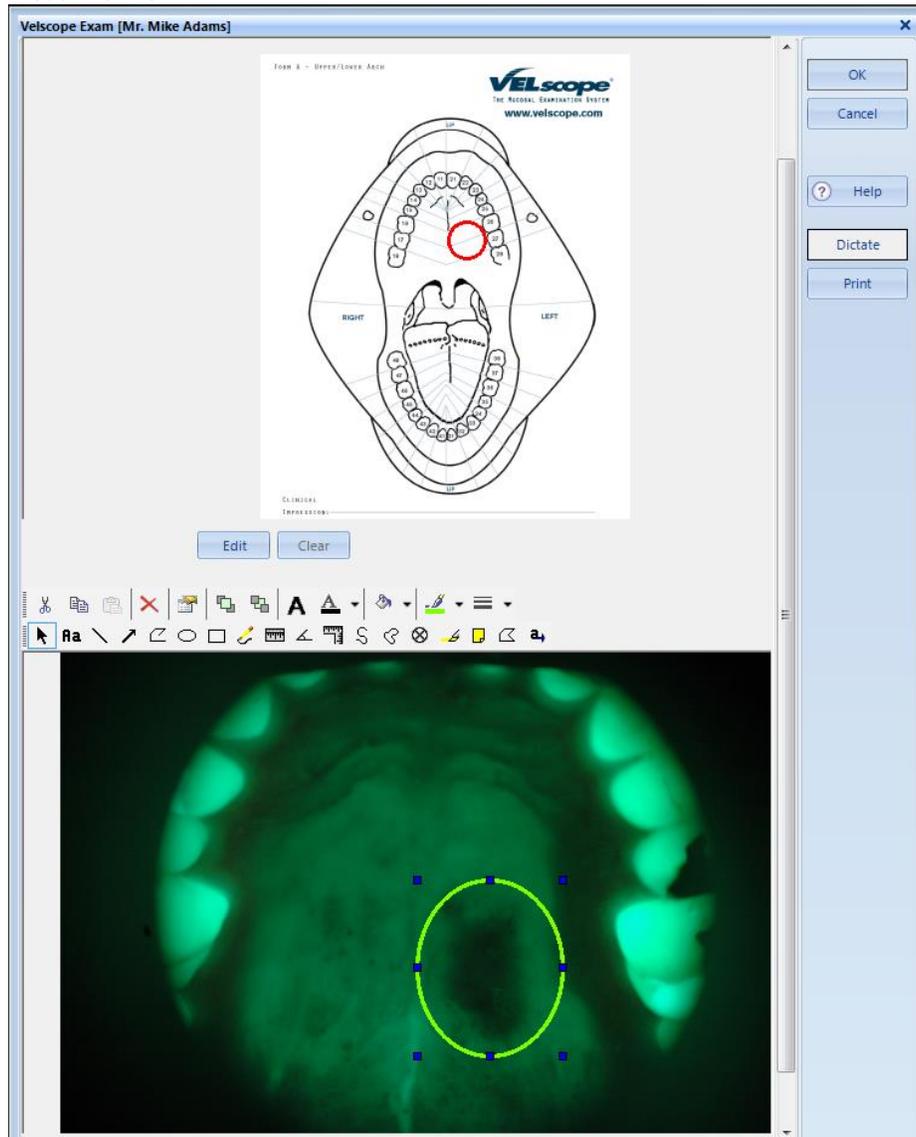
Sutured 4-0 gut

Comments

Buttons: OK, Cancel, Help, Dictate, Print

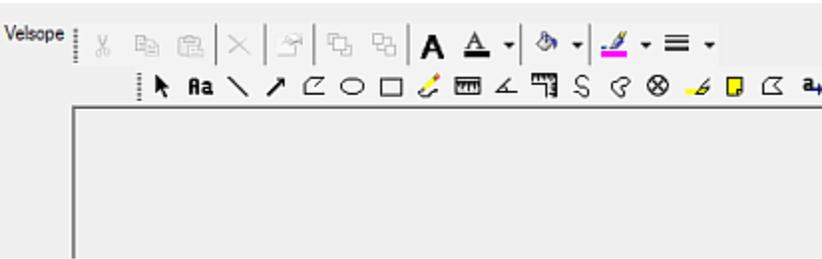
Forms are simply a matter of answering questions. Often the answers are contained in pre-defined options and are just a matter of selecting them. Text boxes and phrase controls can be used to allow additional information to be entered.

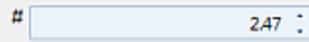
## Visual Forms



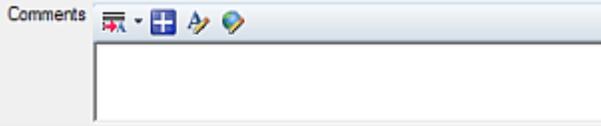
In this example of a Visual Form the top image is part of the form template and exists in all instances of the form. The lower image is imported from the specific patient's file. Both images can be annotated to communicate information.

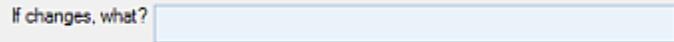
## Appendix B – Question Types

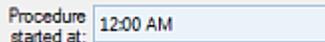
| Question Type   | Purpose   | Example   |
|---|---|---|
| <b>Checkbox</b>   | Single option that is either true or false.   | Sutured 4-0 gut <input type="checkbox"/>  |
| <b>Checkbox Group</b>   | Multiple options, user can choose more than one (or none).  | Rx <input type="checkbox"/> Ibuprofen<br><input type="checkbox"/> Tylenol<br><input type="checkbox"/> Tylenol #3<br><input type="checkbox"/> Amoxicilin<br><input type="checkbox"/> Clindamycin |
| <b>Combo Box</b>  | User selects from a drop-down list of pre-defined options.  | Osteotomy <input type="text"/><br>Brand Handpiece<br>Lot # Osteotome<br>Combination Osteotome and Handpiec  |
| <b>Currency</b>   | Field is formatted for a dollar amount; user enters amount directly or uses arrows.   | Estimated cost <input type="text" value="\$0.00"/>  |
| <b>Date</b>   | User enters or selects date from calendar, formatted as mmm/dd/yyyy.  | Follow up date. <input type="text" value="Aug 4, 2011"/>  |
| <b>Date Time</b>  | User enters or selects date from calendar, formatted as mmm/dd/yyyy. Enters time.   | Next scaling <input type="text" value="Jul 27, 20"/> <input type="text" value="10:32 AM"/>  |
| <b>Editable Combo Box</b>                                     | User selects from a drop-down list of pre-defined options or can enter their own text.  | Local Anaesthetic <input type="text"/><br>Diameter carps Lidocaine 2% 1:100k epi<br>carps carbocaine plain<br>Type carps Xylocaine 2% 1:100k epi  |
| <b>Image</b><br><i>&lt;for use in form templates only&gt;</i> | Includes image editing tools. If an image was selected during the form design, it is shown and the user can edit as required.<br><br>If no image was defined as part of the form template, the user can import an image or select an image already in the image library, then edit as required. |   |
| <b>Integer</b>  | Restricts entry to whole number; user enters number directly or uses arrows.  | PSR <input type="text" value="7"/>  |
| <b>Label</b>  | Allows you to enter text without prompting for a question. This type of question is useful for consent or informational statements and can be formatted with basic styles such as bold, underline and italics. Labels can comprise entire paragraphs.   | Anaesthetic to be used  |

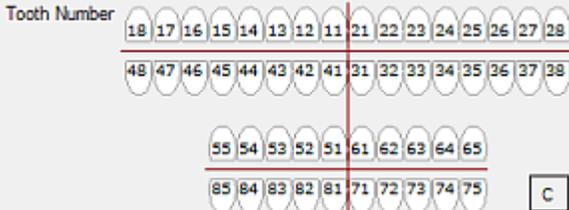
**Number** Number entry can include decimal point; user enters number directly or uses arrows.
 

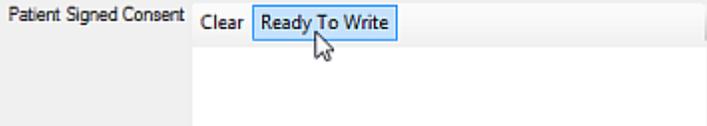
**Option Set** Multiple options, user can only choose one.
 

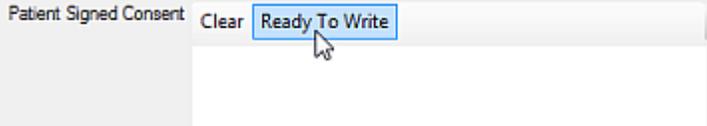
**Phrase Control** Allows user to [select a pre-defined phrase](#), or [create new ones](#).  
**Small Phrase Control** Both phrase controls allow for any length of phrase to be entered; the Small Phrase Control takes up less space on the screen but you may have to scroll to see the entire phrase.
 

**Text** For free-form text entry.
 

**Time** User enters or selects time.
 

**Tooth Collection** Includes standard tooth chart for user to select one or more teeth.
 

**Topaz Signature Pad** Allows for use of a digital signature pad.
 

**Touch Signature** Allows for signatures via stylus
 





## Appendix C – Form Question and Section Options

| MEDICAL INFORMATION |  | 2                        | Dental professionals primarily treat the area in and around your mouth, but since |                                     |         |           |                          |                          |  |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Data Type           | Question                                     | !                        | Options   | Required                            | Col Spa | Hint Text | Highlight                | Omit On                  |  |
| Editable Combo Box  | Are you currently seeing a Family Physician? | <input type="checkbox"/> | Yes,No,Uns...   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 1       |           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |  |
| Text                | If so, please enter name, phone number, a... | <input type="checkbox"/> |   | <input type="checkbox"/>            | 1       |           | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |  |

### Section Options

Forms are divided into sections in order to visually and logically group questions. The section options allow you to control the appearance of a section.

The section header is pictured below:

**Section Title** In the example above, it is set to MEDICAL INFORMATION

In the example above, this is the text highlighted in yellow reading 'Dental professionals primarily treat...'. This text can be formatted in the editor

**Section Instructions**

### Question Options

Each Question has a number of options which allow you to control how the question looks and behaves. These are summarized below:

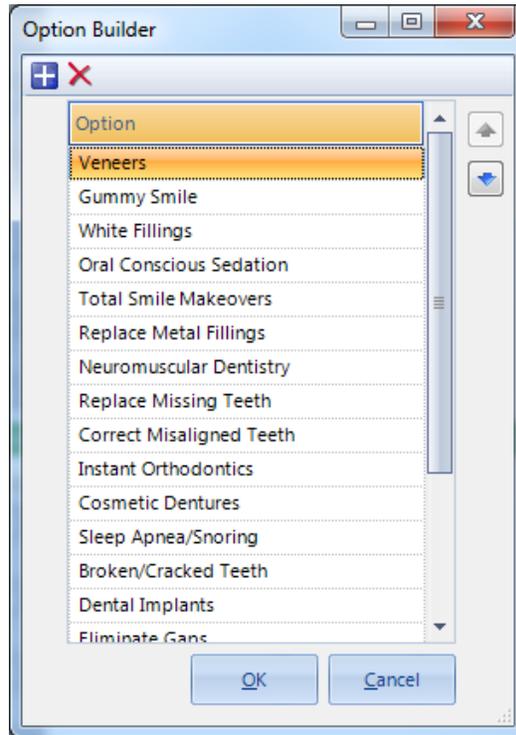
**Data Type** See Appendix B of this document for details.

**Question** This is the text that appears to the user on the form

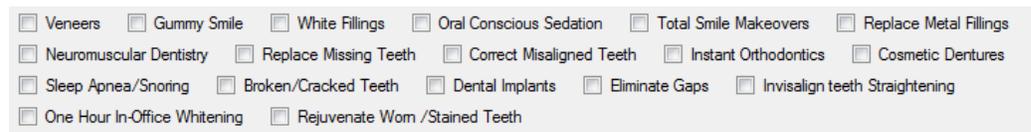
**!** This option only appears for forms with an Alert Mode of Question. Selecting this checkbox means that any positive answers to the question will produce a medical alert in the patient file.

**Options** Some question types require additional information which is entered via options. These questions are indicated by the icon. Clicking on that icon will allow the options to be

entered. For example, this is where the selections in a combo box are entered.



The above options are for a checkbox group (shown below).

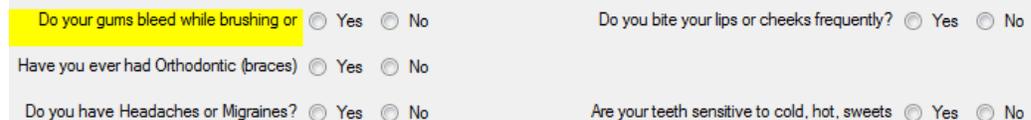


### Required

Selecting the 'Required' checkbox indicates that the question must have a response. The form will not be saved without one. Typically this is used for online forms completed by patients to make them aware when they have not answered important questions.

### Col Span

A section in a group may have multiple columns. By default all questions span 1 column. If a question needs to span across more than 1 column, this is indicated here. This allows questions to appear on the form in the best position.



In the example above, the section has 2 columns. However, the question 'Have you ever had Orthodontic (braces)' has a column span of 2 so it takes up both columns and the next question is on the following row.

### Hint Text

This is a short text that appears in a textbox on online forms filled out by patients. This can be used to help clarify questions that may be challenging for patients.

### Highlight

Selecting the 'Highlight' checkbox will produce a yellow highlighter effect on the question. This can be useful for making important questions stand out.

Do your gums bleed while brushing or flossing?  Yes  No

Have you ever had Orthodontic (braces) Treatments?  Yes  No

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**Omit Online**

Selecting the 'Omit Online' checkbox will hide that question from online Eforms which are filled out by patients at home.

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